LED940-66-60

- Infrared High Power LED
- 940 nm, 550 mW
- 400 x 400 μm chip die, AlGaAs, 60 pcs.
- TO-66 package, Silicone and/or Epoxy Resin
- 130° Viewing Angle

Description



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rev. 2.0, 05.12.2017

LED940-66-60 is a wide viewing and extremely high output power illuminator assembled with a total of **60 pcs.** of **AlGaAs chip dies**, mounted on a metal **TO-66** stem and covered with a silicone and/or epoxy resin. On forward bias, it emits a power radiation of typical **550 mW** at a peak wavelength at **940 nm**.

Maximum Ratings (TCASE=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Valu	How!4	
		Min.	Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation	P_D		9	W
Forward Current	I _F		1200	mA
Reverse Voltage	V_R		25	V
Thermal Resistance	RTHJA		2	K/W
Junction Temperature	TJ		120	°C
Operating Temperature	TCASE	-40	+ 85	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-40	+ 100	°C
Lead Solder Temperature *	T _{SLD}		+ 265	°C

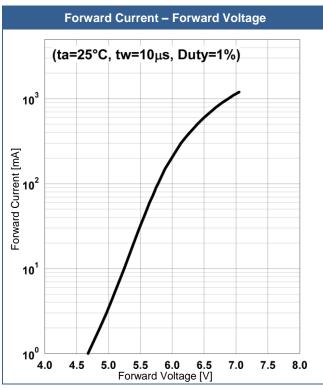
^{*} must be completed within 3 seconds

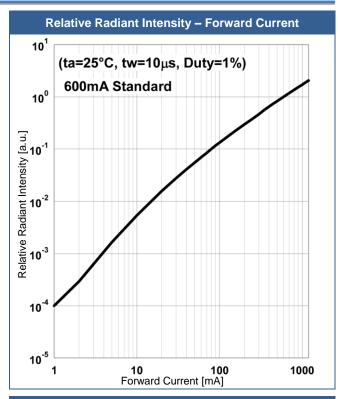
LED Characteristics (TCASE=25°C)

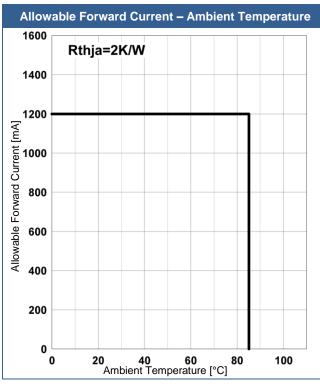
Parameter	Cumbal	Conditions	Values			Hoit
	Symbol		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Peak Wavelength	λ_P	I _F =600mA	930		950	μm
Half Width (FWHM)	$\Delta \lambda$	I _F =600mA		50		nm
Total Radiated Power *	Po	I _F =600mA		550		mW
Forward Voltage	V _F	<i>I_F</i> =600mA		6.5	7.5	V
Viewing Angle	Φ	$I_F=100mA$		130		0
Rise Time	t_R	<i>I_F</i> =600mA		1000		ns
Fall Time	t⊦	I _F =600mA		1000		ns

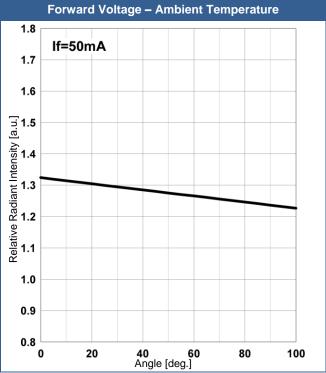
^{*} measured by S3584-08

Performance Characteristics







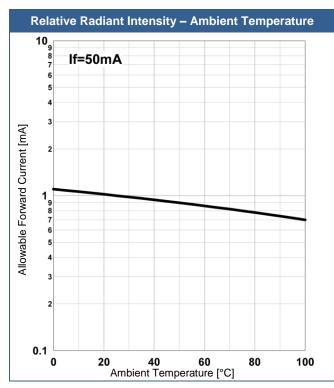


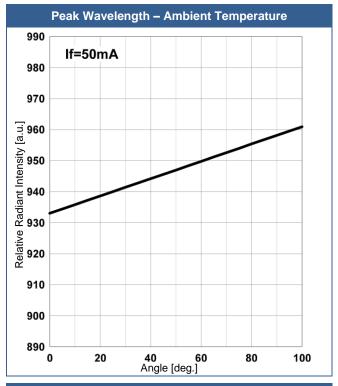


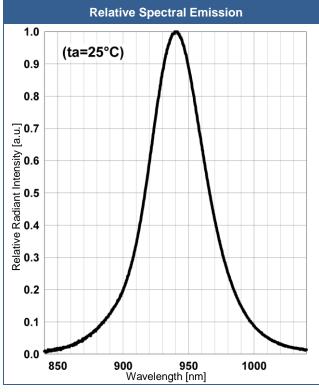
ROITHNER LASERTECHNIK GmbH

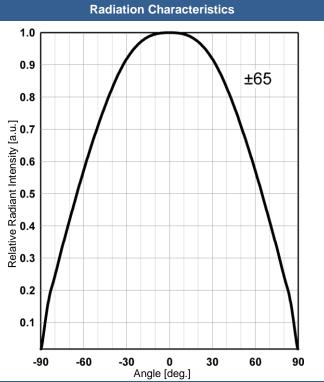
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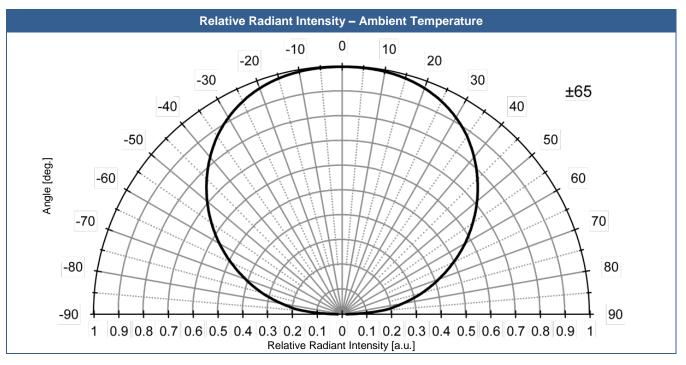




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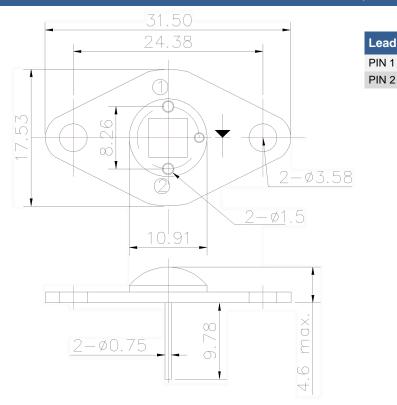
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Outline Dimensions

LED940-66-60 TO-66, Silicon and/or Epoxy Resin



All Dimensions in mm

Description

LED Anode

LED Cathode

Precautions

Cautions:

- This high power LED must be cooled!
- NOT look directly into the emitting area of the LED during operation!

Soldering:

- · Do avoid overheating of the LED
- Do avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- · Do avoid mechanical stress, shock, and vibration
- Do only use non-corrosive flux
- Do not apply current to the LED until it has cooled down to room temperature after soldering

Cleaning:

Cleaning with isopropyl alcohol, propanol, or ethyl alcohol is recommended

- DO NOT USE acetone, chloroseen, trichloroethylene, or MKS
- DO NOT USE ultrasonic cleaners

Static Electricity:

LEDs are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Precautions against ESD must be taken when handling or operating these LEDs. Surge voltage or electrostatic discharge can result in complete failure of the device.



Radiation:

During operation these LEDs do emit high intensity light, which is hazardous to skin and eyes, and may cause cancer. Do avoid exposure to the emitted light. Protective glasses are recommended. It is further advised to attach a warning label on products/systems.

Operation:

Do only operate LEDs with a current source.

Running these LEDs from a voltage source will result in complete failure of the device.

Current of a LED is an exponential function of the voltage across it. Usage of current regulated drive circuits is mandatory.

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