



## EPD-525-0-1.4

- Selective Photodiode
- Sensitivity Range: 410-580 nm
- Active Area: 1.79 mm<sup>2</sup>
- Package: TO-18 with cap

### Description

**EPD-525-0-1.4** is a selective photodiode based on GaP with an active area of 1.79 mm<sup>2</sup>, mounted in hermetically sealed TO-18 package with cap.

The PD is specified with a sensitivity range of 410 – 580 nm, and a peak at 525 nm.

### Maximum Ratings (T<sub>CASE</sub>=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
Temperature Coefficient of I <sub>D</sub> *	T <sub>C(I<sub>PH</sub>)</sub>		4.7	%/K
Operating Temperature	T <sub>CASE</sub>	- 40	+ 125	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	- 40	+ 125	°C

\* T = -40 ... +120°C

### Optical and Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>CASE</sub>=25°C)

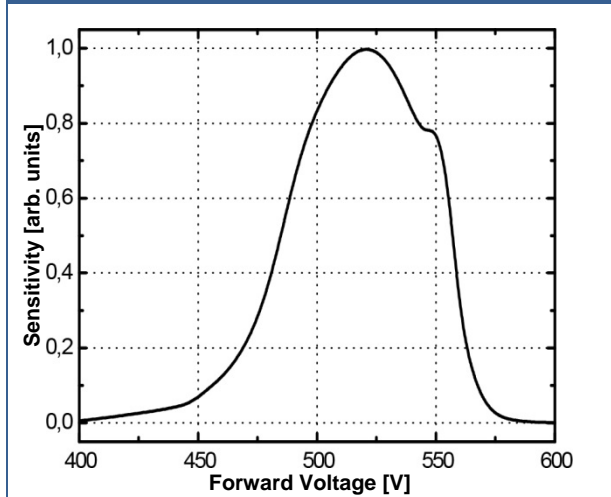
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Active Area	A			1.79		mm <sup>2</sup>
Peak Sensitivity Wavelength	λ <sub>P</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =0V		525		nm
Dark Current	I <sub>D</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =5V		5	30	pA
Responsivity at λ <sub>P</sub>	S <sub>λ</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =0V		0.08		A/W
Sensitivity Range at 1% *	λ <sub>min</sub> , λ <sub>max</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =0V	410		580	nm
Spectral Bandwidth at 50%	Δλ <sub>0.5</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =0V		75		nm
Shunt Resistance	R <sub>TH</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =10mV		200		GΩ
Noise Equivalent Power	NEP	λ=525nm		10.6x10 <sup>-14</sup>		W/√Hz
Specific Detectivity	D*	λ=525nm		1.26x10 <sup>13</sup>		cm · √Hz · W <sup>-1</sup>
Junction Capacitance	C <sub>J</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =0V		180		pF
Switching Time (R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω)	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =1V		35		ns

\* for information only

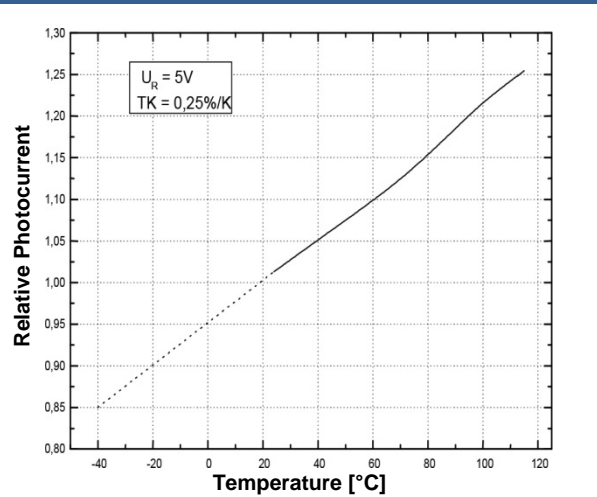


## Typical Performance Curves

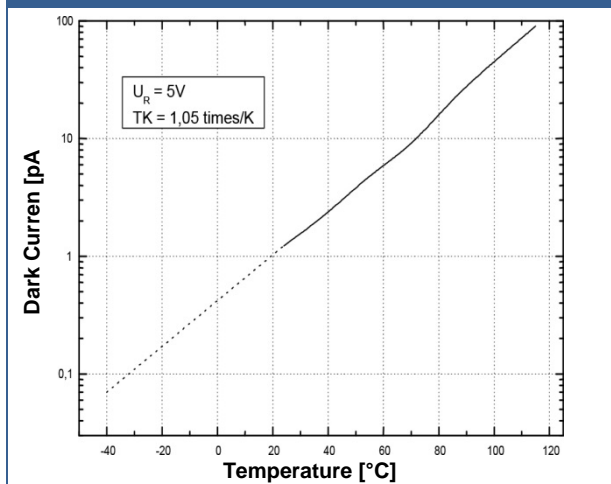
### Optical Responsivity (typical)



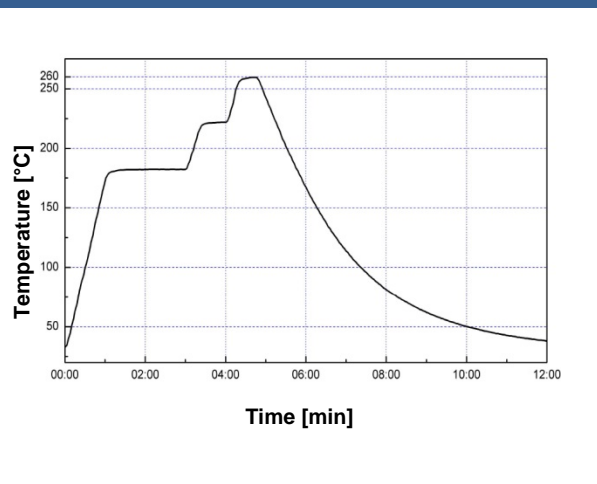
### Relative Photocurrent vs. Temperature



### Dark Current vs. Temperature



### Allowed Soldering Profile

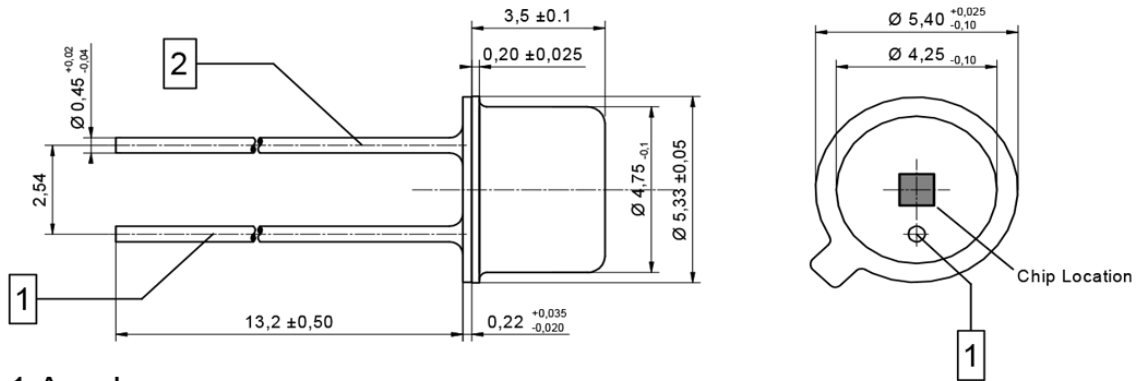




## Outline Dimensions

EPD-525-0-1.4

TO-18



1 Anode

2 Cathode

All Dimensions in mm

## Precautions

### Operation:

- Check your connection circuits before turning on the PD.
- Mind the PD polarity..
- DO NOT connect the PD to the multimeter.

### Soldering:

- Do avoid overheating of the PD
- Do avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD)
- Do avoid mechanical stress, shock, and vibration
- Do only use non-corrosive flux
- Do not apply current to the PD until it has cooled down to room temperature after soldering

### Static Electricity:

PDs are **sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD)**. Precautions against ESD must be taken when handling or operating these PDs. Surge voltage or electrostatic discharge can result in complete failure of the device.

